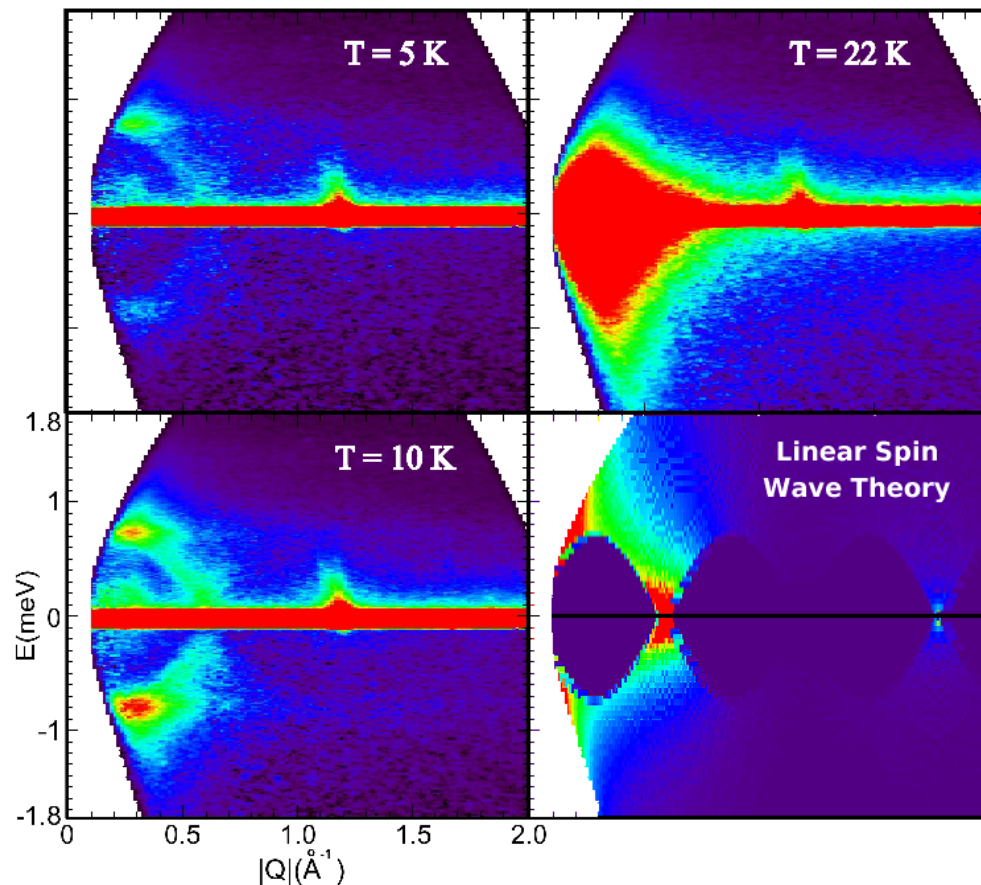


# 20-year Puzzle in Quantum Magnetism Solved!

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Failed attempts over 20 years to detect ordering of the magnetic  $\text{Ni}^{3+}$  ions in  $\text{LiNiO}_2$  led to speculation about an exotic quantum ground state in this potential battery material. Recent measurements using the CHANS Disk Chopper Spectrometer (DCS) on isostructural  $\text{NaNiO}_2$  revealed a simple antiferromagnetic structure and conventional spin waves. In  $\text{LiNiO}_2$ , 1 % to 3 % of  $\text{Li}^+$  ions are found on  $\text{Ni}^{3+}$  sites, due to their similar size, in even the best prepared sample. This does not occur for the larger  $\text{Na}^+$  ions in  $\text{NaNiO}_2$ . The presence of "impurity" Ni ions on the Li sublattice within  $\text{LiNiO}_2$  apparently frustrates antiferromagnetic order; a novel, if less exotic, example of frustrated magnetism.



Wave vector ( $Q$ ) and energy dependence of the neutron scattering from  $\text{NaNiO}_2$  at 3 temperatures below  $T_N \approx 22 \text{ K}$ .

M.J. Lewis, *et al.* "Ordering and spin waves in  $\text{NaNiO}_2$ : A stacked quantum ferromagnet"  
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